

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Product Name:Vitamin C Batch No.: 4360701 Best Before End: May 2022

Items	Standard	Results
Appearance	White crystalline powder	White crystalline powder
Identification	Positive	Positive
Clarity of solution	Clear	Clear
Color of solution	BY7	<by7< td=""></by7<>
Assay	99.0~100.5%	99.5%
Loss on Drying	$\leq 0.4\%$	0.06%
Residue on ignition	0.1%	0.03%
Sulphate Ash	0.1%	0.03%
Specific rotation	+20.5 ~+21.5	+20.97
pH(with 2% water solution)	-	
PH(with 5% water solution)	2.1-2.6	2.33
Melting range	About 190°C	190.2℃
Heavy metals (as Pb) 3ppm		<3ppm
Iron	2ppm	<2ppm
Copper 2ppm		<2ppm
Impurity E 0.2%		<0.2%
Arsenic	1ppm	<1ppm
Lead	2ppm	<2ppm
Cadmium	Cadmium 1ppm	
Mercury	1ppm	<1ppm
Organic volatile impurities	Meets the requirements	conform
Related Substances	Impurity C≤0.15%Impurity D≤0.15%SubstancesAny Other Unspecific Impurities	
	Impurity ≤0.10%	
Total Plate Count	Total Impurity≤0.2%	
	1,000cfu/g	<1,000cfu/g
According to BP 2016/USP39/FCC10/EP8.0/E300		



Statement

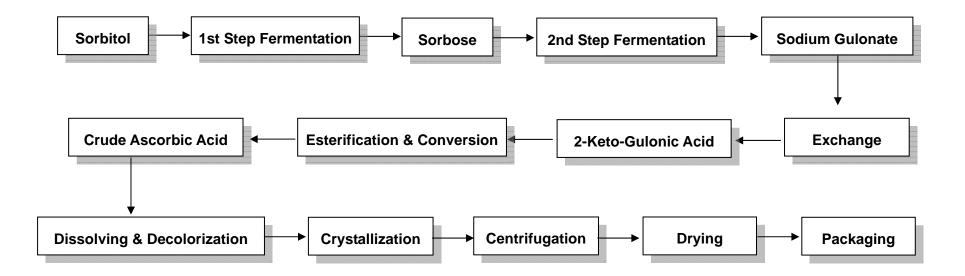
Date: July 30, 2014

To whom it may concern:

We, MADAR Corporation Ltd. herewith certify that the product Vitamin C that we supply is allergen free.



Process Flow Chart for Vitamin C/ Ascorbic Acid



BiOrigins, 19-20 Sandleheath Industrial Estate, Fordingbridge, Hampshire, SP6 1PA, UK Tel: 01425 655555 Email: technical@madarcorporation.co.uk Page 1 of 1



Vitamin C/ Ascorbic Acid

Section 1-----Chemical Product and Company Identification

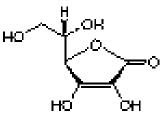
Product name	Ascorbic Acid, Vitamin C		
Company information	Name: MADAR Corporation Ltd.		
	 Add: 19-20 Sandleheath Industrial Estate, Fordingbridge, Hampshire, SP6 1PA Email: sales@madarcorporation.co.uk Company's Phone: +44 1425 655555 Approved Sellers: Cosmetic Butters, Mystic Moments, New Directions, World of Moulds 		

Section 2----Composition/Information on Ingredients

Characterization	Water soluble vitamin; pharmaceuticals, food and feed			
	additive			
Synonyms	Vitamin C			
	L-Ascorbic acid			
	(5R)-5-[(1S)-1,2-dihydroxyethyl]-3,4-dihydroxyfuran-2(5H			
)-one			
CAS number	50-81-7			
EINECS number	200-066-2			
Chemical formula	$C_6H_8O_6$			
Molecular weight	176.13 g/mol			



Structure formula



Section 3----Hazards Identification

Most important hazards	-No particular hazards known.
Potential Acute Health	-Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of eye
Effects	contact (irritant), of ingestion, of inhalation.

Section 4----First-aid Measures

Eye contact	- Rinse immediately with tap water for 10 minutes - open	
	eyelids forcibly	
Skin contact	- Remove contaminated clothes, wash affected skin with	
	water and soap	
	- do not use any solvents	
Inhalation	- Remove the casualty to fresh air and keep him/her calm	
	- In the event of symptoms get medical treatment	
Note to physician	- Treat symptomatically	

Section 5----Fire-fighting Measures

Suitable extinguishing - Water spray jet, dry powder, foam, carbon dioxide media



Specific hazards	- Severe dust explosion hazard
Protection	of - Precipitate gases/vapors/mists with water spray
fire-fighters	

Section 6----Accidental Release Measures

Methods	for	cleaning	- Collect solids (avoid dust formation) and hand over to
up			waste removal
			- Rinse with plenty of water

Section 7----Handling and Storage

Handling

Technical measures	- Processing in closed systems, if possible superposed by	
	inert gas (e.g. nitrogen)	
	- Local exhaust ventilation necessary	
	- Take precautionary measures against electrostatic charging	
	- Avoid dust formation; high dust explosion hazard	
Suitable materials	- Stainless steel, coated steel (protective lacquer), glass,	
	polyethylene, polypropylene, enamel	
Unsuitable materials	- Aluminum, copper, zinc, Iron	
Storage		
Storage conditions	- In closed containers	
	- Protected from humidity	
	- Below 30 °C	
Packaging materials	- Tightly closing; material: coated steel (protective	
	lacquer), glass, polyethylene, polypropylene, PVC	



Section 8Exposure Controls/Personal Protection			
Engineering Measures	Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels below exposure limits.		
Monitoring			
Threshold value air	- IOEL: 10 mg/m3 (defined as 8-hour time-weighted		
	average)		
Analytics	- Sampling on glass fibre filter and gravimetric or chemical		
	determination		
Personal protective			
equipment			
Respiratory protection	- In case of high dust concentrations: particle mask or		
	respirator with independent air supply		
Hand protection	Protective gloves (e.g. made of Natural Rubber)		
Eye protection	- Safety glasses		

Section 9----Physical and Chemical Properties

Color	White to almost white	
Form	Crystalline powder or colorless crystals	
Odour	Almost odorless, with sharp acidic, pleasant taste	
Density	0.9-1.2 g/ml	
Sieve analysis	Retained on 40 meshes NMT 20%, between 40-80mesh	
	NLT 50%.	
Solubility	Free soluble in water	
	Soluble in ethanol (96 percent)	



Virtually insoluble in ethyl etherVirtually insoluble in chloroformPH value2.1-2.6 (5 % aqueous solution)Dissociation constant $pK_1 = 4.17$ $pK_2 = 11.57 \text{ (water)}$ Melting temperatureAbout 190°C (with decomposition)

Section 10---- Stability and Reactivity

Stability	- Stable at room temperature under exclusion of humidity	
Conditions to avoid	- Humidity	
	- Warming	
Materials to avoid	- Oxidizing agents, atmospheric oxygen, bases, metals,	
	metal salts	
Note	- On prolonged storage, a yellow discoloration may occur	
	-Through slow decomposition, which does not noticeably	
	diminish biological activity, however	
	- In aqueous solutions ascorbic acid is very susceptible to	
	oxidative decomposition, particularly in the presence of	
	alkali resp. heavy metal ions	

Section 11---- Toxicological Information

Acute toxicity	- LD50	11'900 mg/kg (oral, rat)
	- LD50	8'000 mg/kg (oral, mouse)
	- LD50	518 mg/kg (i.v., mouse)
Local effects	- Eye: may cause irritations	



	- Mucous membranes: may cause irritations	
	- Skin: may cause irritations; particularly in conjunction	
	with humidity (perspiration)	
Chronic toxicity	- In predisposed individuals 4-12 g/d may cause urinary	
	calculus	
Mutagenicity	- No suspicion of human mutagenicity	
Carcinogenicity	- Not carcinogenic (several species)	
Reproduction toxicity	- Not teratogenic, not embryotoxic	
Note	- Oral uptake of up to 9 g per day does not produce any	
	serious toxic effects, however, even lesser quantities may	
	cause diarrhoea	
	- RDA (recommended daily allowance): 60 mg	

Section 12----Ecological Information

Inherent	- Well inherently biodegradable
biodegradability	-97 %, 5 d
	-100 %, 15 d
Ecotoxicity	-Barely toxic for fish (rainbow trout)
	-LC50 (96 h) 1020 mg/l
	-The inhibitory concentration relates to re-attachment to
	substrate (Dreissena polymorpha)
	-MIC (48 h) > 50 mg/l (nominal concentration)
Air pollution	- Observe local/national regulations



Section 13Disposal Considerations			
Waste from residues	- Observe local/national regulations regarding waste disposal		
	- Drain very small quantities into wastewater treatment plant		
	- Large amounts: incinerate in qualified installation.		

Note - Not classified by transport regulations

Section 15----Regulatory Information

Note	-	No classification and labeling according to EU directives.	
	-	This product is on the European Inventory of Existing	
		Commercial Chemical Substances.	

Section 16----Other Information

Use	- Additive for use in food and pharmaceuticals	
	- Feed additive	
Biological activity	- 1 I.U. (international unit) of vitamin C corresponds to the	
	activity of 50 µg of pure ascorbic acid	
Reference literature	ISO11014-1	
	General rules for preparation of chemical safety data sheet	
	(CSDS)	

The information in this safety data sheet is based on current scientific knowledge. It should not be taken as expressing or implying any warranty concerning product characteristics.



SPECIFICATION VITAMIN C/ ASCORBIC ACID

DESCRIPTION

A white or almost white, crystalline powder or colorless crystals, becoming discolours on exposure to air and moisture.

PROPERTIES

Molecular Formula

Relative Molecular Mass 176.13

Chemical Name L-2, 3, 5, 6-hydroxy-2-hexenic acid-γ-lactone

CAS Number 50-81-7

Structural Formula



COMPENDIAL REQUIREMENTS

Ascorbic Acid meets all requirements of USP/BP/JP/FCC/EP when tested according to these compendia.

Characteristics	White or almost white crystalline power
	or colorless crystals
Identification	Positive Reaction
Melting Point	About 190°C
Specific Rotation	+20.5°~+21.5°
рН	2.1~2.6
Residue on Ignition	≼ 0.1%
Assay	99.5~100.5%
Loss on Drying	≪0.15%
Heavy Metal	≤0.001%
Lead	≪2ppm
Clarity of Solution	Pass
Color of Solution	≤BY ₇
Impurity E	≤0.2%
Copper Salt	≤0.0005%
Ferrite	≤0.0002%
Arsenic	≪0.0003%
Residual Solvents	Pass
Particle Size	100% through 20 mesh
	NLT 25% through 40 mesh
	NLT 50% retain between 40~80 mesh



STABILITY

Ascorbic acid powder is nonvolatile stable in the dry state, however, upon exposure to atmospheric moisture; it can deteriorate, and oxidizes readily to aqueous solution. Contact with iron, copper or nickel salts should be avoided.

SHELF-LIFE

At least 36 months from date of manufacturing provided the container is unopened and stored under the above mentioned conditions.

STORAGE

Store in sealed containers and keep in a dry placed away from light.



Vegan Statement

Our Vitamin C Ascorbic Acid is **VEGAN SUITABLE** as per our manufacturer's confirmation.